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24 April 1951

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OFFICE OF POLICY COORDINATION

THEOUGH:

CHIEF. ADMINISTRATION AND LOCISTICS STAFF

SUBJECT:

Official Entertainment of Government Employees

- The tentative proposal has been used that this agency reinburse various caployees for expenses incurred in Washington, D.C., in the exclusive entertainment of e-players of other Government agencies in the course of official business.
- The problem involved to, of course, extremely controversial. It has been argued both pro and con many times, and, up to the present time, the considered decision has always been against relaborsement of expenses incurred in entertaining United States officials in the continental United States. At the same time, it was recognised that from time to bise isolated field representatives lacking the direct support and prestige of the Agency might be required to entertain representatives of the Armed Services, Congress and the Foreign Service on a pseudo-personal basis in order to cessent personal relationships which when exploited would result in essistance to this Agency beyond the scope of expected nutual assistance asong agencies. Such instances were considered to be extraordinary and requiring detailed justification.
- The above, therefore, reflects present Agency policy, and it would not be within the province of the Finance Division or the Deputy Comptroller to seemd this policy without the written concurrence of the Deputy Director for Administration.
- For your information, the various arguments which have been rdiled historically are presented below for your considerations

### LLOI

Changed To:

Declassified

(1) It is admittedly often beneficial to conduct inter-Agency lisison over a luncheon or dinner table. Not only is such liaison likely to be more laisurely and carefully comducted, but there is a predisposition on the part of officials of other agencies to cooperate beyond the requirements of their official duties.

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- (2) If the CIA representative pays for the cost of such entertainment, a sense of personal obligation is created which will further redound to the benefits of CIA.
- (3) It is unreasonable to expect a CIA employee to incur personal expense in the entertainment of employees of other agencies when the entertainment is undertaken solely for the purpose of furthering the affairs of CIA.

#### b. Con:

- (1) It is contrary to law and, at least in theory, is nonaccepary to entertain government officials in order to induce them to provide the cooperation and assistance to which CIA is entitled as an arm of the United States Covernment. If entertainment is decred necessary to accomplish Agency objectives, it is a sign of basic in-adequacies in inter-Agency relationships which can be corrected by official action.
- (2) If CIA representatives follows practice of paying for entertainment expenses on official lisison contacts, they will create an overshelding sense of personal obligation to them on the part of the persons being entertained. This will either result in reciprocation on the part of other officials or they will tend to evoid or shan further invitations.

SHAPE.

- (3) It is inevitable that the GIA representative will disclose or the other official will surples that the confidential funds of GIA are being used for this purpose. When this happens not only will any sense of personal obligation cases, but a reactionary sense or resentment and envy will set in.
- (4) This resentment could and doubtless would become a grownly exaggerated hazard to CIA in public and Congressional circles. The damage that would result will vastly exceed any benefits CIA would derive from such entertainment or any nominal hardship or inequity to CIA officials engaged in limits activities.
- 5. In recapitulating these points, the writer does not mean to imply that he does not believe that abnormal or unusual circumstances may not arise where the quasi-personal or even official entertainment of Covernment officials may not only be desirable but even monessary. A basic criterion is suggested below which might be applied in establishing such circumstances.

## SECHLI

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- Spencies to elicit information or assistance vital to the conduct of covert operations of CIA when there is no relationship between such information or assistance to the duties presently or formarly performed by said official while employed by his present agency. Under these circumstances, entertainment of government officials would be merely a nominal fee for services rendered which are entirely unrelated to those for which the employing agency has an inherent responsibility or the services for which the Covernment official is being paid by the Government.
- which might govern a policy for the reinbursement of certain so-called entertainment expenses. Such expenses, at least in part, might be out-of pockets cost to a government official rendering voluntary services to CIA unrelated to his official duties. Under such circumstances, an appropriate basis of reinbursement might be evolved. It is therefore suggested that if entertainment in any of its many forms or purposes is decaded a significant problem, a concerted 050/090 study might produce a series of criteria and procedures under which the problem could be met. It is therefore suggested that the matter be referred to the Chief, addinistration and logistics Staff, OFC, for appropriate action. The writer would be happy to participate and masks in the development of an appropriate solution.

Deputy Comptroller

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